# Maharaja Ranjit Singh Punjab Technical University Bathinda-151001



# FACULTY OF PHARMACY

# SYLLABUS

# FOR

#### **B.SC. MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY (ANESTHESIA AND OPERATION THEATRE**

### TECHNOLOGY)

#### (4 YEARS PROGRAMME)

#### **2023 BATCH ONWARDS**

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#### SCHEME

	1 <sup>st</sup> Semester		Contact Hrs.			Marks			
Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	Int.	Ext	Total	Credits	
BAOTS1-101	Anatomy and Physiology-I	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
BAOTS1-102	Microbiology -I	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
BAOTS1-103	Pathology-1	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
BAOTS1-104	Computer Science	2	0	0	20	30	50	2	
BAOTS1-105	Anatomy and Physiology -Lab	0	0	4	60	40	100	2	
BAOTS1-106	Microbiology -I Lab	0	0	4	60	40	100	2	
BAOTS1-107	Pathology I -Lab	0	0	4	60	40	100	2	
	Total	11	03	12	320	330	650	20	

	2 <sup>nd</sup> Semester		Contact Hrs.			Marks			
Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	Int.	Ext	Total	Credits	
BAOTS1-201	Anatomy and Physiology-II	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
BAOTS1-202	Microbiology -II	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
BAOTS1-203	Pathology -II	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
BAOTS1-204	Basics and Advanced Life support	2	0	0	20	30	50	2	
BAOTS1-205	Anatomy and Physiology -II Lab	0	0	4	60	40	100	2	
BAOTS1-206	Pathology II - Lab	0	0	4	60	40	100	2	
BAOTS1-207	Microbiology -II Lab	0	0	4	60	40	100	2	
	Total	11	03	12	320	330	650	20	

	3 <sup>rd</sup> Semester		Contact Hrs.			Marks		
Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	Int.	Ext	Total	Credits
BAOTS1-301	Anatomy & Physiology related to Anesthesia Technology	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
BAOTS1-302	Applied Pharmacology and Microbiology	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
BAOTS1-303	Medical Ethics and Bio safety	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
BAOTS1-304	Psychology	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
BAOTS1-305	Anatomy & Physiology related to Anesthesia Technology Practical	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
BAOTS1-306	Applied Pharmacology and MicrobiologyPractical	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
	Total	12	4	8	280	320	600	20

	4 <sup>th</sup> Semester	Contact Hrs.			Marks			Credits	
Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	Int.	Ext	Total	Creans	
BAOTS1-401	Principles Of Anesthesia - I	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
BAOTS1-402	Principles Of Anesthesia - II	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
BAOTS1-403	Biochemistry-1	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
BAOTS1-404	Medical Sociology	2	0	0	20	30	50	2	
BAOTS1-405	Principles Of Anesthesia - I Practical	0	0	4	60	40	100	2	
BAOTS1-406	Principles Of Anesthesia -II Practical	0	0	4	60	40	100	2	
BAOTS1-407	Biochemistry-1 Lab	0	0	4	60	40	100	2	
	Total	11	03	12	320	330	650	20	

	5 <sup>th</sup> Semester	Contact Hrs.				Marks	5	Credits
Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	Int.	Ext	Total	Creuits
BAOTS1-501	Pharmacology	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
BAOTS1-502	Anesthesia Techniques Including Complications	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
BAOTS1-503	Biochemistry-II	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
BAOTS1-504	Environmental science and community medicine	2	0	0	20	30	50	2
BAOTS1-505	Pharmacology Lab	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
BAOTS1-506	Anesthesia Techniques Including Complications-Lab	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
BAOTS1-507	Biochemistry-II Lab	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
	Total	11	03	12	320	330	650	20

	6 <sup>th</sup> Semester	Con	tact	Hrs.		Mark	5	Credits
Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	Int.	Ext	Total	
BAOTS1-601	Anesthesia for specialties (including criticalcare assistance and ventilation) paper – I	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
BAOTS1-602	Anesthesia for specialties (including criticalcare assistance and ventilation) paper – II	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
BAOTS1-603	Principles Of Sterilization Techniques	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
BAOTS1-604	Healthcare and basic Principles	2	0	0	20	30	50	2
BAOTS1-605	Anesthesia for specialties (including critical care assistance and ventilation) paper – I Practical	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
BAOTS1-606	Anesthesia for specialties (including criticalcare assistance and ventilation) paper – II-Practical	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
BAOTS1-607	Principles Of Sterilization Techniques- Practical	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
	Total		3	12	320	330	650	20

7 <sup>th</sup> Semester		Contact Hrs.			Marks			Credits
Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	Int.	Ext	Total	Creuits
BAOTS1-701	Project/ Dissertation	0	0	40	50	150	200	20
BAOTS1-702	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	2	0	0	20	30	50	2
	Total	2	0	40	70	180	250	22

The candidates will supervise by the concern faculty & and the project report will be submitted following competitions. The Viva-Voce examination shall be conducted by external expert

8 <sup>th</sup> Semester		Contact Hrs.				Credits		
Subject Code	Subject	L	Т	Р	Int.	Ext	Total	Creuits
BAOTS1-801	Internship	0	0	40	80	120	200	20
	Total	0	0	40	80	120	200	20

The candidate can carry out Dissertation/Major Project working-house/internally or outside/externally and shall submit a report which will be evaluated by external expert at the end of academic year.

#### **Overall Marks / Credits**

Semester	Marks	Credits
1 <sup>st</sup>	650	20
2 <sup>nd</sup>	650	20
3 <sup>rd</sup>	600	20
4 <sup>th</sup>	650	20
5 <sup>th</sup>	650	20
6 <sup>th</sup>	650	20
7 <sup>th</sup>	250	22
8 <sup>th</sup>	200	20
Total	4300	162

# FIRST SEMESTER

#### **ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY-I**

#### Subject Code: BAOTS1-101

#### L T P C 3 1 0 4

**Duration: 60 Hrs.** 

#### **Course Objective**

- A study of the anatomical structure of the human body.
- Body structure will be studied by organ systems.
- Form-function relationships with emphasis on clinically relevant anatomy.
- The laboratory study will involve observing and learning from human skeletal collections and dissected cadavers and preserved specimens.

#### **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- Describe the structure and functions of the organ systems of the human body.
- Describe how the organ systems function and interrelate.
- Learn basic technical terminology and language associated with anatomy.
- Develop a self-identity of what it means to be "human".

# UNIT I (12 Hrs)

#### **Organization of the Human Body**

Introduction to the human body Definition and subdivisions of anatomy Anatomical position and terminology Regions and Systems of the body Cavities of the body and their contents Levels of organization of the body

#### **Cell and Functions**

Definition of a cell, shapes and sizes of cells

Parts of a cell – cell membranes cytoplasm, subcellular organelles and their main function Cell Division – Definition and main events that occur in different stages of mitosis and meiosis.

#### UNIT II (12 Hrs)

#### **Tissues and Functions**

Tissues of the body

Definition and types of basic tissues

Characteristics, functions and locations of different types of tissues

General Physiology- Concept of Homeostasis, Cell structure and functions, Transport across membranes

**Nerve and muscle-** Nerve structure, classification of nerve fibres, Muscles- classification, structure, Neuro-Muscular junction (NMJ). Muscle contraction-mechanism, types.

**Blood and body fluids-** Body fluid volumes, compartments and composition, Blood composition and functions, Plasma proteins, Erythrocytes -Morphology and functions, Leucocytes-Morphology and functions, Platelets-Morphology and functions, Blood groups.

#### UNIT III (12 Hrs)

#### Systems of Support and Movement

**Skeletal system-** Skeleton – Definition, axial and appendicular skeleton with names and number of bones, Types ofbones. Parts of bones. Functions of bones. Name location and general features of the bones of the body. Joints – Definition and types of joints with examples. Axes and kind of movements possible. Name, location, type, bones forming, movements possible.

**Muscular system-** Parts of the skeletal muscle. Definition of origin and insertion. Name and location of the skeletal muscles of the body. Origin, insertion, nerve supply and action of large muscles likesternocleidomastoid, pectoralis major, deltoid, Biceps brachii, Triceps brachii, gluteus, gastronemius and diaphragm.

#### UNIT IV (12 Hrs)

**Control Systems of the Body-** Nervous system, Sub-divisions of the nervous system **Spinal cord** – Location, extent, spinal segments, external features and internal structure. **Brain** – Sub-divisions, location external features of medulla oblongata, pons, mid-brain, cerebellum and cerebrum. Meninges and spaces around them. Name and location of ventricles of brain and circulation of cerebrospinal fluid. Blood supply of the brain and spinal cord. **Cranial nerves** - Name, number, location and general distribution.

**Spinal nerves** - Typical spinal nerve groups and number of spinal nerves. Name and location of cervical plexus and brachial plexus. Location and general distribution of the branches. **Autonomic Nervous system** –definition and functions, Sense organs, Location and features of the nose, tongue, eye, ear and skin

# UNIT V (12 Hrs)

#### **Excretory system**

Structure of Nephron and its blood supply, JuxtaglomerularApparatus (JGA).

Formation of urine-Filtration, Reabsorption and secretion. Counter -Current mechanism Micturition.

**Endocrine system-** Names of the endocrine glands. Location and features of pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, suprarenal, pancreas, ovaries and testes. Names of hormones produced by each gland.

**Digestive system-** Salivary glands -Nerve supply, functions of saliva. Gastric juicecomposition &functions of gastric juice. Pancreatic juice-composition, functions and regulation of pancreatic juice. Bile- composition, functions of bile and bile salts. Succus entericus and small intestinal movements. Deglutition, vomiting, functions of large intestine

- 1. Rizzo DC. Fundamentals of Anatomy and Physiology (Book Only). Cengage Learning; 2009 Oct 1.
- 2. Waugh A, Grant A. Ross & Wilson Anatomy and physiology in health and illness Ebook. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2014 Jun 25.
- **3.** Remington LA, Goodwin D. Clinical Anatomy and Physiology of the Visual System: Clinical Anatomy and Physiology of the Visual System E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2021 Jun 25.

	MICROBIOLOGY-I	
Subject Code: BAOTS1-102	LTPC	Duration: 60 Hrs.
	3 1 0 4	

#### **Course Objective:**

- Concepts of sterilization and disinfection procedures and their applications.
- Basic principles of immunology.
- Knowledge about fundamental aspect of bacteria and study the common disease caused by them.

#### Course Outcome: At the end of the semester the students should be able to

- Know the concepts of sterilization and disinfection procedures and their applications.
- Understand the basic principles of immunology.
- Understand the basic fundamental aspect of bacteria and study the common disease caused by them.

#### UNIT-I (12 Hrs)

Introduction, history of microbiology, its branches, scope and its importance. Introduction to Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes Study of ultra-structure and morphological classification of bacteria, nutritional requirements, raw materials used for culture media and physical parameters for growth, growth curve, isolation and preservation methods for pure cultures, cultivation of anaerobes, quantitative measurement of bacterial growth (total & viable count). Study of different types of phase constrast microscopy, dark field microscopy and electron microscopy

#### UNIT-II (12 Hrs)

**General Microbiology**-History and Introduction of Microbiology, Microscopy and Morphology of bacterial cell and their function, Growth and nutrition of Bacteria, Sterilization and Disinfection, Culture media, Culture methods and Identification of bacteria.

#### UNIT-III (12 Hrs)

**Immunology**-Basic concept about Infection (Source, Portal of entry and Spread),Immunity, Antigen, Antibody, Antigen-Antibody reaction, Hypersensitivity.

Identification of bacteria using staining techniques (simple, Gram's & Acid fast staining) and biochemical tests (IMViC). Study of principle, procedure, merits, demerits and applications of physical, chemical gaseous, radiation and mechanical method of sterilization. Evaluation of the efficiency of sterilization methods. Equipments employed in large scale sterilization. Sterility indicators

#### UNIT-IV (12 Hrs)

Study of morphology, classification, reproduction/replication and cultivation of Fungi and Viruses. Classification and mode of action of disinfectants Factors influencing disinfection, antiseptics and their evaluation. For bacteriostatic and bactericidal actions Evaluation of bactericidal & Bacteriostatic. Sterility testing of products (solids, liquids, ophthalmic and other sterile products) according to IP, BP and USP.

**Systemic bacteriology**- Disease caused and lab diagnosis of medically important bacteria (Staphylococcus, Streptococcus, Neisseria, Echerichia coli, Salmonella, Shigella, Vibrio, Mycobacteria, Spirochetes).

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#### UNIT-V (12 Hrs)

Designing of aseptic area, laminar flow equipments; study of different sources of contamination in an aseptic area and methods of prevention, clean area classification. Principles and methods of different microbiological assay. Methods for standardization of antibiotics, vitamins and amino acids. Assessment of a new antibiotic.

- 1. Marsh PD, Lewis MA, Williams D, Martin MV. Oral microbiology E-book. Elsevier health sciences; 2009 Apr 30.
- 2. Talaro KP, Talaro A, Delisle G, Tomalty L. Foundations in microbiology. Wm. C. Brown; 1996 Jan.
- 3. Parker N, Schneegurt M, Thi Tu AH, Foster BM, Lister P. Microbiology (OpenStax). OpenStax; 2016. Crueger W, Crueger A, Brock TD, Brock TD. Biotechnology: a textbook of industrial microbiology

#### **PATHOLOGY-I**

Subject Code: BAOTS1-103

#### L T P C 3 1 0 4

**Duration: 60 Hrs.** 

#### **Course Objective:**

- To understand the fundamental mechanisms underlying diseases.
- To develop skills to recognize and diagnose diseases based on clinical and laboratory findings.
- To examine tissue and organ abnormalities through histological analysis.
- To recognize the vital role of pathology in healthcare and research.

#### **Course Outcome:**

- Develop the skills needed to diagnose and differentiate diseases.
- Gain the ability to analyze and interpret microscopic and macroscopic pathology findings.
- Comprehend the cellular and molecular processes underlying diseases.
- Apply pathology concepts to inform clinical decision-making and patient care.

# UNIT I (12 Hrs)

**Introduction to cell**- Normal Cell Structure Function Cell injury and Adaptation: Types of cell injury, Adaptation, Necrosis, Apoptosis, Pathological calcification

# UNIT II (12 Hrs)

#### **Inflammation and Repair**

Acute Inflammation Chronic Inflammation Wound Healing and Repair

#### **Infectious Disease**

TB Leprosy

UNIT III (12 Hrs)

#### Hemodynamic Disorder

Edema Thrombosis and Embolism Shock

# UNIT IV (12 Hrs)

#### Neoplasia

Classification Nomenclature Characteristics of Benign & Malignant neoplasm Pathogenesis of cancer Spread of Cancer

**Genetic Disorders** 

Down syndrome

UNIT V (12 Hrs)

Klinfelter Syndrome Turner Syndrome

# Radiation

Biological Effect of Radiation

- 1. Kumar V, Abbas A, Aster JC, editors. Robbins basic pathology e-book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2017 Mar 8.
- 2. Underwood JC, Cross SS. General and Systematic Pathology E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2009 May 11.
- 3. King T. Elsevier's integrated pathology E-book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2006 Dec 4.
- 4. Thompson LD, Bishop JA. Head and neck pathology E-book: a volume in the series: foundations in diagnostic pathology. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2017 Dec 8.

#### **COMPUTER SCIENCE**

#### Subject Code: BAOTS1-104

Duration: 30 Hrs.

#### L T P C 2002

Duration: 30 Hrs.

#### **Course Objective**:

- Acquire the ability to apply computer science principles to solve pharmaceutical and healthcare-related problems.
- Analyze and interpret pharmaceutical data using computer-based methods, enhancing research and decision-making in the field.
- Gain proficiency in designing and implementing computer systems tailored to pharmaceutical and healthcare settings, improving efficiency and patient care.
- Foster collaboration between pharmacy and computer science disciplines to harness technology for optimizing pharmaceutical practices and research.

#### **Course Outcome:**

- Learn to apply computer science principles to solve pharmaceutical and healthcare-related problems.
- Learn to analyze and interpret pharmaceutical data using computer-based methods, enhancing research and decision-making in the field.
- Learn to design and implement computer systems tailored to pharmaceutical and healthcare settings, improving efficiency and patient care.

#### UNIT I (6 Hrs)

#### **History of computers**

Definition of computers Input devices, Output devices, Storage devices, Types of memory, And units of measurement, Range of computers, Generations of computers, Characteristics of computers

#### UNIT II (6 Hrs)

#### System

Hardware, Software, System definition, Fundamentals of Networking, Internet, Performing searches and working with search engines, Types of software and its applications

#### UNIT III (6 Hrs)

#### **Office application suite**

Word processor, Spreadsheet, Presentations, Other utility tools, Fundamentals of Linux / Windows operating system, functions, interfaces, basic commands, workingwith the shell and other standard utilities.

#### UNIT IV (6 Hrs)

#### Language

Comparison chart of conventional language, Programming languages, Generations of programming languages, Compilers and interpreters, Universal programming constructs based on SDLC, Variable, constant, identifiers, functions, procedures, if while, do – while, For and other Structures.

#### UNIT V (6 Hrs)

#### **Programming in C language**

Data types, identifiers, functions and its types, arrays, union, structures and pointers Introduction to object oriented programming with C++: classes, objects, inheritance Polymorphism and encapsulation. Introduction to databases, and query languages, Introduction to Bioinformatics

- 1. Huth M, Ryan M. Logic in Computer Science: Modelling and reasoning about systems. Cambridge university press; 2004 Aug 26.
- 2. Gallier JH. Logic for computer science: foundations of automatic theorem proving. Courier Dover Publications; 2015 Jun 18.
- 3. Kay J, Barg M, Fekete A, Greening T, Hollands O, Kingston JH, Crawford K. Problem-based learning for foundation computer science courses. Computer Science Education. 2000 Aug 1;10 (2):109-28.

ANATOMY	-I LAB	
Subject Code: BAOTS1-105	L T P C	<b>Duration: 60 Hrs.</b>
	0 0 4 2	

## **Course Objective:**

- Gain practical experience in conducting physiological experiments to reinforce theoretical knowledge of body functions.
- Acquires hands-on proficiency in identifying and dissecting anatomical structures, enhancing and understanding of human anatomy.
- Observing anatomical structures and physiological processes while accurately documenting findings.

## **Course Outcome:**

- Knowledge about conducting physiological experiments of body.
- Identifying and dissecting anatomical structures, enhancing and understanding of human anatomy.
- Enhance skills in observing anatomical structures and physiological processes while accurately documenting findings.

# CONTENT

- **1. Histology** Epithelium
- 2. Axial & Appendicular Skeleton with Names & Number Of Bones

# 3. Muscles

- 1. Trapezius
- 2. Lattisimusdorsi
- 3. Biceps
- 4. Triceps
- 5. Deltoid

# 4. Nervous System

- 1. Cerebrum
- 2. Cerebellum
- 3. Brain Stem
- 4. Spinal Cord
- 5. Special Senses
  - 1. Tongue
  - 2. Ear
  - 3. Skin
  - 4. Eye

- 1. Rizzo DC. Fundamentals of Anatomy and Physiology (Book Only). Cengage Learning; 2009 Oct 1.
- 2. Waugh A, Grant A. Ross & Wilson Anatomy and physiology in health and illness Ebook. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2014 Jun 25.
- 3. Remington LA, Goodwin D. Clinical Anatomy and Physiology of the Visual System: Clinical Anatomy and Physiology of the Visual System E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2021 Jun 25.

#### **MICROBIOLOGY-I LAB**

Subject Code: BAOTS1-106

#### L T P C 0 0 4 2

Duration: 60 Hrs.

#### **Course Objective:**

- Enable student to acquire essential microbiological laboratory skills and techniques.
- Facilitate the examination and identification of various microorganisms to understand their characteristics and roles.
- Teach students how to perform diagnostic tests emphasizing their clinical and research applications.
- Instill a strong commitment to laboratory safety and ethical conduct while working with microorganisms.

## **Course Outcome:**

- Develop proficiency in aseptic techniques, culturing, and handling microorganisms, fundamental for microbiological research and applications.
- Learn to identify and classify various microorganisms using microscopy, staining and biochemical tests, expanding knowledge of microbial diversity.
- Acquire skills in conducting diagnostic tests, such as antibiotic sensitivity assays, critical for clinical and research settings. Promote a culture for safety by adhering to proper laboratory protocols and enhance the responsible handling of potentially hazardous micro-organisms.

# PRACTICALS

# I. Gram staining

# **II.** Spotters

Disposable syringe Sterile cotton swab Bacteriological loop Sterile tube McIntosh fildes Jar Autoclave

# **III.** Nutrient Agar plate

Mac Conkey agar plate Mac conkey with LF Mac conkey with NLF Blood agar plate L J Media RCM BHI broth Antibiotics susceptibility Gram positive Cocci in cluster Gram negative bacilli AFB VDRL Slide Microtiter plate

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Marsh PD, Lewis MA, Williams D, Martin MV. Oral microbiology E-book. Elsevier health sciences; 2009 Apr 30.
- 2. Talaro KP, Talaro A, Delisle G, Tomalty L. Foundations in microbiology. Wm. C. Brown; 1996 Jan.
- 3. Parker N, Schneegurt M, Thi Tu AH, Foster BM, Lister P. Microbiology (OpenStax). OpenStax; 2016. Crueger W, Crueger A, Brock TD, Brock TD. Biotechnology: a textbook of industrial microbiology

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# PATHOLOGY-I LAB

#### Subject Code: BAOTS1-107

# LTPC

0042

**Duration: 60 Hrs.** 

#### **Course Objective:**

- Enable students to acquire hands on skills in identifying and analyzing pathological specimens and tissues.
- Teach students to conduct laboratory tests and examination for the diagnosis and evaluation of disease.
- Improve student's ability to use microscopes for the examination of cellular and tissue level pathological changes.
- Promote a culture of safety and ethical conduct while handling pathological specimens and data in laboratory.

#### **Course Outcome:**

- Gain hands-on expertise in the examination and interpretation of pathological specimens and tissues.
- Demonstrate the ability to perform laboratory tests and investigation for disease diagnosis and monitoring.
- Improve proficiency in microscopy to identify and understand cellular and tissue level pathological changes.
- Foster a commitment to safety and ethical standards while handling and analyzing pathological specimens in the laboratory.

## PRACTICALS

- 1. DIFFERENTIAL COUNT Spotter
- 2. GROSS (SPOTTER) Fatty liver Lipoma Dry gangrene foot Wet gangrene bowel CVC Spleen Hydatid cyst

TB – Lung

3. INSTRUMENTS

Westergrens ESR tube Sahlihemocytometer Neaubaur's chamber Bone Marrow Needle

- 1. Kumar V, Abbas A, Aster JC, editors. Robbins basic pathology e-book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2017 Mar 8.
- 2. Underwood JC, Cross SS. General and Systematic Pathology E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2009 May 11.
- 3. King T. Elsevier's integrated pathology E-book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2006 Dec 4.
- 4. Thompson LD, Bishop JA. Head and neck pathology E-book: a volume in the series: foundations in diagnostic pathology. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2017 Dec 8.

# SECOND SENESTER

# ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY-II

Subject Code: BAOTS1-201

LTPC 3104 **Contact Hrs.: 60 Hrs.** 

## **Course objectives:**

- Describe the structure and functions of the organ systems of the human body.
- Describe how the organ systems function and interrelate.
- Basic technical terminology and language associated with anatomy.
- Develop a self-identity of what it means to be "human".

# **Course outcome:** At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- Understand the structure and functions of the organ systems of the human body.
- Knowledge about the organ systems function and interrelate.
- Learn basic technical terminology and language associated with anatomy.
- Understand self-identity of what it means to be "human".

## Unit I (12 Hrs.)

# Maintenance of the Human Body

#### Cardio-vascular system

- Types and general structure and function of blood vessels. Structure and types of arteries and veins. Structure of capillaries. Shape, size, location, coverings, external and internal features of heart. Structure of heart wall, conducting system of the heart.
- Blood supply of the heart. The systemic arteries and veins. Name, location, branches and main- distribution of principal arteries and veins.

# Unit II (12 Hrs.)

#### Lymphatic system

• Lymph, lymphatic vessels, name, location and features and functions of the lymphatic organs.

#### **Respiratory system**

• Names of organs of respiration, Location and features of nose, pharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, lungs and pleura.

# Unit- III (12 Hrs.)

#### **Digestive system**

• Names of organs of digestion. Parts of alimentary canal and accessory organs. Location and features of mouth, pharynx, esophagus, stomach, small and large intestines. Location and features of salivary glands, pancreas, liver and gall bladder.

#### Unit IV (12 Hrs.)

#### Urinary system

• Names of urinary organs, location and features of kidney, ureter, urinary bladder and urethra.

# **Anatomical Regions**

• Simple ideas about scalp, triangles of neck, axilla, cubital fossa, mediastinum, inguinal canal, femoral triangle, popliteal fossa.

# Unit V (12 Hrs.)

• **Reproductive system** Names of male and female organs of reproduction. Location and features of scrotum, testis, epididymis, vas deferens, seminal vesicle, ejaculatory duct, prostate gland, penis and spermatic cord. Location and features of uterus and its supports, uterine tube, ovary vagina vulva and breast.

- 1. Rizzo DC. Fundamentals of Anatomy and Physiology (Book Only). Cengage Learning; 2009 Oct 1.
- **2.** Waugh A, Grant A. Ross & Wilson Anatomy and physiology in health and illness Ebook. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2014 Jun 25.
- Remington LA, Goodwin D. Clinical Anatomy and Physiology of the Visual System: Clinical Anatomy and Physiology of the Visual System E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2021 Jun 25.

# MICROBIOLOGY-II Subject Code: BAOTS1-202 L T P C Contact Hrs.: 60 Hrs 3104

## **Course objective**:

- Concepts of sterilization and disinfection procedures and their applications.
- Basic principles of immunology.
- Basic fundamental aspect of bacteria and study the common disease caused by them.

# **Course outcome:**

At the end of the semester the students should be able to

- Know the concepts of sterilization and disinfection procedures and their applications.
- Understand the basic principles of immunology.
- Understand the basic fundamental aspect of bacteria and study the common disease caused by them

# UNIT I (12 Hrs.)

**Virology**: Introduction to virology, List of medically important viruses and diseases(AIDS, Hepatitis, Rabies, Polio) and Lab diagnosis of viral infections

# UNIT II (12 Hrs.)

**Mycology**: Introduction to Mycology, List of medically important fungi and diseases (Candidiasis, Cryptococcosis, Dermatophytes, Aspergillosis and Mucor mycosis) and Lab diagnosis of fungal infections.

# UNIT III (12 Hrs.)

**Parasitology**: Introduction to Parasitology, List of medically important parasites and diseases (E.histolytica, Plasmodium, W. bancrofti, Ascaris, Ancylostoma) and Lab diagnosis of parasitic infections

# UNIT IV (12 Hrs.)

**Applied Microbiology**-Collection and transport of clinical specimen, Sexually transmitted disease, Hospital acquired infection, Urinary tract infection, Skin and Soft tissue infection, Anaerobic infection, Respiratory tract infection and Bloodstream infection, Immunoprophylaxis, Biomedical Waste Management and standard precautions.

# UNIT V (12 Hrs.)

Types of spoilage, factors affecting the microbial spoilage of pharmaceutical products, sources and types of microbial contaminants, assessment of microbial contamination and spoilage. Preservation of pharmaceutical products using antimicrobial agents, evaluation of microbial stability of formulations. Growth of animal cells in culture, general procedure for cell culture, Primary, established and transformed cell cultures. Application of cell cultures in pharmaceutical industry and research.

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# **Reference Books**

- 1. Marsh PD, Lewis MA, Williams D, Martin MV. Oral microbiology E-book. Elsevier health sciences; 2009 Apr 30.
- 2. Talaro KP, Talaro A, Delisle G, Tomalty L. Foundations in microbiology. Wm. C. Brown; 1996 Jan.
- Parker N, Schneegurt M, Thi Tu AH, Foster BM, Lister P. Microbiology (OpenStax). OpenStax; 2016. Crueger W, Crueger A, Brock TD, Brock TD. Biotechnology: a textbook of industrial microbiology

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#### PATHOLOGY-II L T P C

#### Subject Code: BAOTS1-203

# **Contact Hrs.: 60 Hrs**

# 3104

#### Course objective:

- To understand the fundamental mechanisms underlying diseases.
- To develop skills to recognize and diagnose diseases based on clinical and laboratory findings.
- To examine tissue and organ abnormalities through histological analysis.
- To recognize the vital role of pathology in healthcare and research.

# **Course outcome:**

- Develop the skills needed to diagnose and differentiate diseases.
- Gain the ability to analyze and interpret microscopic and macroscopic pathology findings.
- Comprehend the cellular and molecular processes underlying diseases.
- Apply pathology concepts to inform clinical decision-making and patient care.

# Unit I (12 Hrs.)

- CVS
  - Atherosclerosis
  - Ischemic heart diease
  - Congenital heart diseae
  - Valvular heart disease

# • **RESPIRATORY SYSTEM**

- Bronchial Asthma
- Emphysema
- Bronchiectasis

# Unit II (12 Hrs.)

# • GIT

- Gastric ulcer

# - Tumors of GIT

# HEPATOBILIARY

- Hepatitis
- Liver Abscess
- Cirrhosis
- Cholecystits

# Unit III (12 Hrs.)

# • KIDNEY AND URINARY TRACT

- Renal stones
- UTI and Pyelonephritis
- Renal cell carcinoma (RCC)
- Renal Failure

#### • **REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM**

- Diseases of testis, uterus, cervix and ovary

# Unit IV (12 Hrs.)

- CNS
  - Infections
- BONES and JOINTS
  - Septic Arthritis
  - Osteomyelitis
  - Rheumatoid Arthritis

# Unit V (12 Hrs.)

- ANEMIA
- AUTOIMMUNE DISEASES

- 1. Kumar V, Abbas A, Aster JC, editors. Robbins basic pathology e-book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2017 Mar 8.
- 2. Underwood JC, Cross SS. General and Systematic Pathology E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2009 May 11.
- 3. King T. Elsevier's integrated pathology E-book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2006 Dec 4.
- 4. Thompson LD, Bishop JA. Head and neck pathology E-book: a volume in the series: foundations in diagnostic pathology. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2017 Dec 8.

BASIC AND ADVANCED LIFE SUPPORT								
Subject Code: BAOTS1-204	LT	Р	С	<b>30 Hours</b>				
	2 0	0	2					

## **Course Objectives:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on basic medical sciences
- To develop in depth knowledge on concepts of pathological conditions.
- To develop exhaustive ideology of techniques in regional and general anesthesia

# **Course Outcome:**

- Gain knowledge on history of anesthesia, pre and post operative assessment.
- Learn the investigations and pre-anesthetic orders required for patient to be anesthetized.
- Gain knowledge on the management of complications and anesthetic considerations.

# UNIT-I (6 Hours)

- BLS
- TRIAGE
- Primary Survey
- Secondary Survey
- Airway & Ventilatory management
- Shock
- Central & peripheral venous access
- Thoracic trauma Tension pneumothorax
- Other thoracic injuries
- Abdominal trauma Blunt injuries

# UNIT-II (6 Hours)

- Abdominal trauma Penetrating injuries
- Spine and spinal cord trauma
- Head trauma
- Musculoskeletal trauma
- Electrical injuries
- Thermal burns
- Cold injury
- Pediatric trauma
- Trauma in pregnant women
- Workshop BLS

## **UNIT-III (6 Hours)**

- Workshop cervical spine immobilization
- Imaging studies in trauma
- The universal algorithm for adult ECC
- Ventricular fibrillation/Pulseless ventricular tachycardia algorithm
- Pulseless electrical activity (PEA) / asystole algorithm

#### **UNIT-VI (6 Hours)**

- Bradycardia treatment algorithm
- Tachycardia Treatment algorithm
- Hypotension / Shock
- Acute myocardial infarction
- Pediatrics Advanced life support

#### UNIT-V (6 Hours)

- Defibrillation
- Drugs used in ACLS
- Emergency cardiac pacing
- AED
- Techniques for oxygenation and ventilation

- 1. Ferguson, J. "Advanced paediatric life support, 3rd edn: Advanced Life Support Group.(£ 25). BMJ Books, 2001. ISBN 0-7279-1554-1." (2002): 186-186.
- 2. Samuels, Martin, and Sue Wieteska, eds. *Advanced paediatric life support: a practical approach to emergencies*. John Wiley & Sons, 2016.

# **ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY-II LAB**

Subject Code: BAOTS1-205

L T P C 0 0 4 2 **Contact Hrs.: 60 Hours** 

#### **Course objectives:**

- Describe the structure and functions of the organ systems of the human body.
- Describe how the organ systems function and interrelate.
- Basic technical terminology and language associated with anatomy.
- Develop a self-identity of what it means to be "human".

**Course outcome:** At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- Understand the structure and functions of the organ systems of the human body.
- Knowledge about the organ systems function and interrelate.
- Learn basic technical terminology and language associated with anatomy.
- Understand self-identity of what it means to be "human".

## PRACTICALS

- Endocrine System
  - Pituitary gland
  - Pineal body
  - Thyroid & parathyroid gland
  - Adrenal
  - Pancreas
  - Gonads Ovary & Testis
- Cardio-Vascular System
  - Heart
- Lymphatic system
  - Spleen
  - Respiratory System
  - Lungs
  - Larynx
  - Trachea
- Digestive System
  - Salivary glands
  - Esophagus
  - Pharynx
  - Stomach
  - Liver, Gall bladder
  - Duodenum
  - Small intestine
  - Large intestine
- Urinary system
  - Kidneys
  - Ureter
  - Urinary bladder

## • Reproductive System

- Saggital section Male & Female pelvis
- Uterus & ligaments
- Ovary
- Prostate
- Seminal vesicals
- Vas deferens
- Testis

- Rizzo DC. Fundamentals of Anatomy and Physiology (Book Only). Cengage Learning; 2009 Oct 1.
- **2.** Waugh A, Grant A. Ross & Wilson Anatomy and physiology in health and illness E-book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2014 Jun 25.
- 3. Remington LA, Goodwin D. Clinical Anatomy and Physiology of the Visual System: Clinical Anatomy and Physiology of the Visual System E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2021 Jun 25.

# MICROBIOLOGY-II LAB

Subject Code: BAOTS1-207

#### L T P C 0 0 4 2

**Contact Hrs:. 60 Hours** 

## **Course Objective**:

- Concepts of sterilization and disinfection procedures and their applications.
- Basic principles of immunology.
- Basic fundamental aspect of bacteria and study the common disease caused by them.

## **Course outcome:**

At the end of the semester the students should be able to

- Know the concepts of sterilization and disinfection procedures and their applications.
- Understand the basic principles of immunology.
- Understand the basic fundamental aspect of bacteria and study the common disease caused by them

# PRACTICALS

# I. SPOTTERS

- 1. Ascarislumbricoides
- 2. Taenia
- 3. Gram stained smears showing Candida
- 4. Universal container
- 5. Vaccine-OPV
- 6. BCG
- 7. Hepatitis
- 8. DPT
- 9. TT
- 10. MMR
- 11. Virology Embryonated egg
- 12. Tissue culture
- 13. Rhabdovirus
- 14. Polio virus
- 15. HIV

# II. Clinical case discussion with charts

- 1. Skin and soft tissue infections
- 2. Ring worm/ Tinea infections
- 3. Food poisoning
- 4. Gastroenteritis

# **Reference Books**

1. Marsh PD, Lewis MA, Williams D, Martin MV. Oral microbiology E-book. Elsevier health sciences; 2009 Apr 30.

- 2. Talaro KP, Talaro A, Delisle G, Tomalty L. Foundations in microbiology. Wm. C. Brown; 1996 Jan.
- 3. Parker N, Schneegurt M, Thi Tu AH, Foster BM, Lister P. Microbiology (OpenStax). OpenStax; 2016. Crueger W, Crueger A, Brock TD, Brock TD. Biotechnology: a textbook of industrial microbiology

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#### PATHOLOGY-II LAB L T P C

Subject Code: BAOTS1-206

# **Contact Hrs:. 60 Hours**

# 0042

# Course objective:

- To understand the fundamental mechanisms underlying diseases.
- To develop skills to recognize and diagnose diseases based on clinical and laboratory findings.
- To examine tissue and organ abnormalities through histological analysis.
- To recognize the vital role of pathology in healthcare and research.

# **Course outcome:**

- Develop the skills needed to diagnose and differentiate diseases.
- Gain the ability to analyze and interpret microscopic and macroscopic pathology findings.
- Comprehend the cellular and molecular processes underlying diseases.
- Apply pathology concepts to inform clinical decision-making and patient care.

# PRACTICALS INSTRUMENT TEST

- RBC Pipette
- WBC Pipette
- Sahli's Pipette
- Wintrobe's PCV tube
- Hb Estimation
- Blood grouping

# SPECIMEN

- Chronic Pyelonephritis
- RCC
- SCC Foot
- Leiomyoma Fibroid uterus
- Gall stones
- Appendicitis
- Liver absces

- 1. Kumar V, Abbas A, Aster JC, editors. Robbins basic pathology e-book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2017 Mar 8.
- 2. Underwood JC, Cross SS. General and Systematic Pathology E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2009 May 11.
- 3. King T. Elsevier's integrated pathology E-book. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2006 Dec
- 4. Thompson LD, Bishop JA. Head and neck pathology E-book: a volume in the series: foundations in diagnostic pathology. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2017 Dec 8.

# THRD SENESTER

ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY R	<b>FELATE</b>	D T	0	ANF	ESTHESIA TECHNOLOGY
Subject Code: BAOTS1-301	L	Γ	Р	С	Duration: 60 Hrs.
	3	1	0	4	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on human anatomy and physiology
- To develop in depth knowledge on anatomy of various organs and structures
- To develop exhaustive ideology of various functions of various structures.

# **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Will be able to explain anatomy of various organs with better knowledge on terminologies.
- Will be able to explain to physiological processes with understanding.
- Will be able to provide better support during surgery.

# UNIT – I (12 Hours)

Respiratory System- Structure and function of the respiratory tract in relation to anaesthesia -Nose,Pharynx, Larynx, Trachea & Bronchial tree – vessels, nerve supply, respiratory tract. Respiratory Physiology-Respiratory muscles – diaphragm, intercostals, Lung volumes-dead space, vital capacity,FRC .Oxygen: properties, storage, supply, hypoxia

# **UNIT II (12 Hours)**

Cardiovascular System - Anatomy – Chambers of the heart, circulation, ECG, Blood Pressure. Howto measure? Hypotension & Hypertension

# UNIT – III (12 Hours)

Fluids And Electrolytes/ Blood Transfusion-Body Fluids – Composition, I.V Fluids – composition& administration, I.V Cannulation, Blood grouping, Cross matching, Transfusion indications, hazards.

# UNIT – IV (12 Hours)

Nervous System- Parts of Central & Peripheral Nervous System, Cerebro spinal fluid

# UNIT – V (12 Hours)

Reproductive System: Physiological changes in pregnancy and labour

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Human Anatomy, B.D. Chaurasia, Vol 1, 2, 3, Sixth edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors, 2013
- 2. Textbook of physiology : A.K. Jain, Fifth edition, Avichal Publishing Company , 2014

SYLLABUS 2023 BATCH ONWARDS							
APPLIED PHARMACOLOGY AND MICROBIOLOGY							
Subject Code: BAOTS1-302	L	Т	Р	С	Duration: 60 Hrs.		
	3	1	0	4			
COURSE OBJECTIVES:							
• Expected to have basic knowledge on anatomy, physiology and pharmacology.							
• To develop knowledge on various drugs and their mechanism of actions.							
• To impart knowledge on the adverse effects on various drugs.							
COURSE OUTCOME:							
• Gain knowledge on the mechanism of actions of various drugs along with their adverse							
effects.							
• Able to identify the drug to be used in emergency situations during a surgical procedure.							
Gain knowledge on various NSAIDs and anticoagulants.							
UNIT-I (12 Hours)							
ANTISIALAGOGUES							
• Atropine, Glycophyrrolate							
SEDATIVES I ANXIOLYTICS							
• Diazepam, Midazolam, Phenergan, Lorazepam, Chloropromazine, Trichlopho							
NARCOTICS							
Morphine, Pethidine, Fentanyl, Pentazozine							
• ANTIEMETICS							
Metaoclopramide, Ondanseteron, Dexamethasone							
<ul> <li>ANTACIDS</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>Na citrate, Gelusil, Mucaine gel.</li> </ul>							
UNIT-II (12 Hours)							

- H2 BLOCKERS Cimetidine, Ranitidine, Famotidine
- **INDUCTION AGENT** Thiopentone, Diazepam, Midazolam, Ketamine, Propofol, Etomidate.

# MUSCLE RELAXANTS

Depolarising - Suxamethonium, Non depolar:sing -Pancuronium, Vecuronium, Atracurium, rocuranium

# UNIT-III (12 Hours)

- INHALATIONAL GASES Gases - 02, N20, Air Agents - Ether-, Halothane, Isofllurane, Saevoflurane, Desflurane
- **REVERSAL AGENTS** Neostigmine, Glycopyrrolate, Atropine, Nalorphine, Naloxone, Flumazenil (Diazepam)
- LOCAL ANAESTHETICS Xylocaine, Preparation, Local – Bupivacaine

- Topical, Prilocaine-jelly, Emla - Ointment, Etidocaine. Ropivacaine

#### **UNIT-IV (12 Hours)**

# **EMERGENCY DRUGS**

- Adrenaline : Mode or administration, dilution, dosage,
- Effects, Isoprenaline
- Atropine, bicarbonate, calcium, ephedrine, xylocard,
- Ionotropes : dopamine, dobutamine, amidaron
- Aminophylline, hydrocortisone, antihistamlnics, potassium.
- Cardiovascular drugs
- Antihypertensives
- Antiarhythmics
- Beta Blockers
- Ca Channel blockers.
- Vasodilators nitroglycerin & sodium nitroprusside
- Respiratory system Bronchodilators, respiratory stimulants Broncholytic agents
- Renal system Diuretics, furosemide, mannitol
- Obstetrics oxoytocin, methergin
- Miscellaneous Antibiotics NSAIDS Anticoagulants and Insulin

# UNIT-V (12 Hours)

#### **APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY**

- Sterilization & decontamination-I Dry
- Filtration
- Wound Infection & Urinary Tract Infections
- Blood stream Infections
- Respiratory tract Infection
- S.Typhi, Salmonel1a Paratyphi 'A', Salmonella Typhimurium
- Catheter, IV associated Infections
- Hospital acquired infections & prevention of hospital acquired infections
- Hepatitis C, HBV, HIV
- Hyper sensitivity reaction Type I, II, III, IV

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Pharmacology for Dental and Allied Health Sciences, Padmaja
- 2. Udaykumar, Third Edition, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, 2013

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Essentials of medical pharmacology, Tripathi, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, 2013

#### MEDICAL ETHICS AND BIO SAFETY

Subject Code: BAOTS1-303

# L T P C

Duration: 60 Hrs.

# 3 1 0 4

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on Ethics
- To develop knowledge on various Ethical issues in applied medicine
- To impart knowledge on Genetic testing genetic screening

# **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge about ethics on general practice
- Gain knowledge about primary & Secondary Ethical principles
- Gain knowledge on Assisted reproduction and Ethics

# UNIT-I (15 Hours)

- Definition & key terms ethics Vs law
- Define Negligence, Malpractice & Liability
- Influence of Ethics on general practice
- Professional codes of Ethics

# UNIT-II (15 Hours)

- Describe primary & Secondary Ethical principles
- Describe the Moral basis of Informed consent & advance directives
- Euthanasia and physician assisted suicide

# **UNIT-III (15 Hours)**

- Physicians, patients and other: autonomy, Truth Telling & Confidentiality
- Reproductive control: Assisted reproduction and Ethics
- Workers compensation

# UNIT-IV (15 Hours)

- Ethical issues in applied medicine
- Fertility & Birth control
- Genetic testing genetic screening.
- Research Ethics

# **Reference books**

- 1. Salerno, Reynolds M., and Jennifer Gaudioso, eds. *Laboratory biorisk management: biosafety and biosecurity*. CRC Press, 2015.
- 2. Timms, Olinda. Bio-Medical Ethics-E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences, 2016.

	PSYCHOLOGY	
Subject Code: BAOTS1-304	LTPC	Duration: 60 Hrs.
	3 1 0 4	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on Ethics
- To develop knowledge on various Ethical issues in applied medicine
- To impart knowledge on Genetic testing genetic screening

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge about ethics on general practice
- Gain knowledge about primary & Secondary Ethical principles
- Gain knowledge on Assisted reproduction and Ethics

#### UNIT I (12 Hours)

#### **Basic Concepts of Psychology**

Definition of Psychology, Origin of Psychology - Philosophical roots of psychology, Schools of Psychology–Structuralism – Gestalt – Functionalism – Behaviorism - Psychoanalysis – Humanistic. Fields of Psychology - Work of a psychologist – Applications of psychology.

#### Learning principles and methods

Definition of learning, Factors In The Process of Learning Classical conditioning - Operant Conditioning – The principle of reinforcement and Punishment. Theory of learning. Cognitive learning- Latent learning, Insight learning, and Imitation.

# UNIT II (12 Hours)

#### Motivation, Emotion, Memory and forgetting

Motivation - Definition of motivation – Theories of motivation - Physiological basis of motivation – Motivational factors in aggression – Self-actualization motivation. Emotion – Emotional expression – Theories of emotions. Kinds of remembering – Retrieval processes – The nature of forgetting – Two process theories of memory – Improving memory –Language and thought – Symbols and concepts – Structure – Forms of thought - Thinking and reasoning – Concept formation.

#### **UNIT III (12 Hours)**

#### **Development, Sensory Processes and Perception.**

Erikson's stages of psychosocial development Lawrence Kohlberg's stages of moral development Freud's Stages of Psychosexual Development Physiological basis of behavior – The brain and nervous system –The sensory process, Some general characteristic of senses – Five senses ,Perception: Organization – The role of learning in perception – Perception and attention – Perceptual process.

#### UNIT IV (12 Hours)

#### **Intelligence & Personality**

Theories of intelligence – Measuring Intelligence – Kinds of intelligence tests – Ability – Formation of aptitude and attitude – Aptitude tests –Creativity and its tests. Personality –

Definition of Personality – Theories of Personality – Assessment of Personality. Social Factors Influencing Personality.

Inter-Personal Relations. Inter-personal attraction – Love and Companionship. Prosocialbehavior. Modes of empathy: self – other differentiation and development of empathy. Social influence: attitude and conformity. Definition - Characteristics and Classification of Crowd. Leadership: Definition and characteristics, Defense Mechanisms, frustration and conflict, sources of frustration and conflict, types of conflicts. Aggression and Types of aggression.

# UNIT V (12 Hours)

# **Health Psychology**

Definition of Health Psychology -Relating Health Psychology to other fields Clinical Health Psychology, Public Health Psychology, Community Health Psychology, Critical Health Psychology

Abnormal Psychology: Concepts of normality and abnormality, causation of mental illness, neuroses, psychoses, psychosomatic disorders, measures to promote mental health.

Stress - Definitions- Models of Stress – Theories of Stress - Stress reactions – Coping and Stress Management techniques, Pain and its management - Psychological reactions of a patient to loss – Stages of Acceptance by Kubler-Ross.

# **REFERENCES:**

- Clifford T. Morgan, Richard a. King, John R. Weis and John Schopler, "Introduction to Psychology" –
- 2. 7th Edition. Tata McGraw Hill Book Co. New Delhi, 1993.
- 3. Baron, R. A., & Byrne, D (2006), "**Social psychology**", New Delhi: Prentice hall of India private limited.
- Elliot Aronson, Timothy D. Wilson, Robin M. Akert, Samuel R. Sommers, "Social psychology" 9<sup>th</sup> edition published by Pearson education, Inc., 2006

ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY RELATED TO ANESTHESIA TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL					
Subject Code: BAOTS1-305	L	Т	Р	С	Duration: 4 Hours/week
	0	0	4	2	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on human anatomy and physiology
- To develop in depth knowledge on anatomy of various organs and structures
- To develop exhaustive ideology of various functions of various structures.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Will be able to explain anatomy of various organs with better knowledge on terminologies.
- Will be able to explain to physiological processes with understanding.
- Will be gaining hand on training in setting up things for IV cannulation.

#### PRACTICALS/ DEMONSTRATIONS

- 1. Model of respiratory tract
- 2. Spotters –pictures in anatomy and physiology of various systems
- 3. How to measure blood pressure
- 4. How to set up things for IV cannulation

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Human Anatomy, B.D. Chaurasia, Vol 1, 2, 3, Sixth edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors, 2013
- 2. Textbook of physiology : A.K. Jain, Fifth edition, Avichal Publishing Company, 2014

APPLIED PHARMACOLO	)GY ANI	<mark>) M</mark>	ICF	<b>ROB</b>	IOLOGY PRACTICAL
Subject Code: BAOTS1-306	L	Т	Р	С	<b>Duration: 4 Hours/week</b>
	0	0	4	2	
COUDSE OD JECTIVES.					

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on anatomy, physiology and pharmacology.
- To develop knowledge on various drugs and their mechanism of actions.
- To impart knowledge on the adverse effects on various drugs.

# **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on the mechanism of actions of various drugs along with their adverse effects.
- Able to identify the drug to be used in emergency situations during a surgical procedure.
- Gain knowledge on various NSAIDs and anticoagulants.

# PRACTICALS/ DEMONSTRATIONS

- Spotters
- Charts
- Anesthetic induction agents
- Inhalation agents

# **Text Books:**

1. Pharmacology for Dental and Allied Health Sciences, Padmaja Udaykumar, ThirdEdition, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, 2013

# **Reference Books:**

1. Essentials of medical pharmacology, Tripathi, 7th edition, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers,2013

# FOURTH SENESTER

PRINCIPI	LES OF ANESTHESIA-I	
Subject Code: BAOTS1-401	LTPC	<b>Duration: 60 Hrs.</b>
	3 1 0 4	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on basic medical sciences
- To develop ideology of various Equipment used in anesthesia technology.
- To develop knowledge on the principles involved in OT and OT techniques.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on various codes and safety devices.
- Learn the importance of endotracheal tubes and laryngoscopes in anesthesia.
- Learn about the machines and gain knowledge on OT and OT techniques.

# UNIT-I (12 Hours)

#### MEDICAL GAS SUPPLY

- Compressed gas cylinders
- Colour coding
- Cylinder valves; pin index.
- Gas piping system
- Recommendations for piping system
- Alarms & safety devices.

# UNIT-II (12 Hours)

#### ANAESTHESIA MACHINE

- Hanger and yoke system
- Cylinder pressure gauge
- Pressure regulator
- Flow meter assembly
- Vaporizers types, hazards, maintenance, filling and draining, etc

# **UNIT-III (12 Hours)**

#### **BREATHING SYSTEM**

- General considerations: humidity & heat
- Common components connectors, adaptors, reservoir bags
- Pulse oximetry
- EtCo<sub>2</sub> & Capnography
- Methods of humidification.
- Classification of breathing system Mapleson system a, b, c, d, e, f ,Jackson Rees system, Baincircuit
- Non rebreathing valves ambu valves
- The circle system Components Soda lime, indicators

# **UNIT-IV (12 Hours)**

#### FACE MASKS & AIRWAY LARYNGOSCOPES

- Types, sizes
- Endotracheal tubes Types, sizes.
- Cuff system
- Fixing, removing and inflating cuff, checking tube position complications.
- Bougie
- LMA

#### UNIT-V (12 Hours)

• Anesthesia Ventilators and Working Principles.

# MONITORING

- ECG
- Sp02
- Temperature
- IBP
- CVP
- PA Pressure
- LA Pressure
- Bio Medical engineering of Trouble sorting Management, care of cleaning

#### **Text Books:**

 The Anesthesia Technician and Technologist's Manual, Glenn Woodworth, Jeffrey R. Kirsch, Shannon Sayers-Rana, 1st edition, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2012

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Anesthesia Equipment, Principles and Applications (Expert Consult: Online and Print),
- 2. Anesthesia Equipment Clinical Key 2012.

PRINCIPLES OF ANESTHESIA-II						
Subject Code: BAOTS1-402	LTPC	Duration: 60 Hrs.				
	3 1 0 4					

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on basic medical sciences
- To develop in depth knowledge on concepts of pathological conditions.
- To develop exhaustive ideology of techniques in regional and general anesthesia

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on history of anesthesia, pre and post operative assessment.
- Learn the investigations and pre-anesthetic orders required for patient to be anesthetized.
- Gain knowledge on the management of complications and anesthetic considerations.

#### UNIT-I (12 Hours)

#### BASIC ANAESTHETIC TECHNIQUES INTRODUCTION TO ANAESTHESIA

- General Anesthesia \* Regional Anesthesia \* Local Anesthesia \* Intravenous Anesthesia
- Minimum standard of anesthesia
- Who should give anesthesia?

# **UNIT-II (12 Hours)**

#### **PRE-OP PREPARATION:**

- Pre anesthetic assessment~ History , past history disease / Surgery / and personal history -Smoking / alcohol
- General physical assessment, systemic examination CVS, RS, CNS

# **UNIT-III** (12 Hours)

# INVESTIGATIONS

- Routine Urine
  - Hematological their significance
  - o E.C.G.
  - Chest X ray
  - Echocardiography
  - Angiography
  - Liver function test
  - Renal function test
  - Others
- Case acceptance: ASA grading I, II, III, IV.

#### PRE - ANAESTHETIC ORDERS: Patient - Informed consent

- Npo guidelines
- Premedication advantages, drugs used
- Special instructions if any

# • Machine -Checking the machine02, N20, suction apparatus Laryngoscopes, et tubes, airways

- Things for IV accessibility
- Other monitoring systems Drug Emergency drugs Anesthetic drugs

# UNIT-IV (12 Hours)

#### INTRAOPERATIVE MANAGEMENT

- Confirm the identification of the patient
- Monitoring minimum
- Noninvasive & Invasive monitoring
- Induction drugs used
- Endotracheal intubation
- Maintenance of anaesthesia
- Positioning of the patient
- Blood / fluid & electrolyte balance
- Reversal from anaesthesia drugs used
- Transferring the patient
- Recovery room set up and things needed

# UNIT-V (12 Hours)

#### POST OPERATIVE COMPLICATIONS & MANAGEMENT

- Recovery and Delayed recovery
- Hypoxia and Oxygen Therapy
- PONV

#### **Text Books:**

 The Anesthesia Technician and Technologist's Manual, Glenn Woodworth, Jeffrey R. Kirsch, Shannon Sayers-Rana, 1st edition, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2012.

#### **Reference Books:**

Anesthesia Equipment, Principles and Applications (Expert Consult: Online and Print), AnesthesiaEquipment Clinical Key 2012.

B	SIOCHEMISTRY-I	
Subject Code: BAOTS1-403	LTPC	<b>Duration: 60 Hrs.</b>
	3 1 0 4	

#### **Course objectives:**

- To have a knowledge about the chemistry and metabolism of various macromolecules-carbohydrate, protein and lipids
- To learn about enzymes, vitamins, minerals and nutrition
- To know the structure and function of Hemoglobins, Nucleic acids.
- To learn about the organ function tests like Liver Function Tests and Renal Function Tests.

#### Unit I (15 Hrs.)

#### CARBOHYDRATES

Carbohydrates: Classification of carbohydrates and their biological importance, reducing property of sugars.

Metabolism of Carbohydrates: Digestion and Absorption of carbohydrates, Steps of Glycolysis and energetics, Steps of TCA cycle and energetics, Steps of Glycogen synthesis and breakdown, Significance of HMP shunt pathway, Definition and steps of Gluconeogenesis, Galactose metabolism Galactosemia. Diabetes mellitus

Bioenergetics: Importance of ATP, Outline of respiratory chain.

# Unit II (15 Hrs.)

#### LIPIDS

Lipids: Classification of lipids, Essential fatty acids, Functions of cholesterol, Triglycerides, Phospholipids

Metabolism of Lipids: Digestion and Absorption of lipids, Fatty acid synthesis & Steps of  $\beta$  oxidation of fatty acids, Types and functions of lipoprotein, Lipid profile, hyper cholesterolemia

# Unit III (15 Hrs.)

#### VITAMINS

Vitamins: Vitamins, its classification Vitamin A Vitamin D Vitamin E & K Vitamin B complex Vitamin C

# Unit IV (15 Hrs.)

# ENZYMES

Enzymes: Definition, Classification, Coenzymes, Factors affecting enzyme activity, Types and examples of enzyme inhibition

	MEDICAL SOCIOLOGY	
Subject Code: BAOTS1-404	LTPC	Duration: 30 Hrs.
	2 0 0 2	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on basic medical sciences
- To develop in depth knowledge on concepts of pathological conditions.
- To develop exhaustive ideology of techniques in regional and general anesthesia

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on history of anesthesia, pre and post operative assessment.
- Learn the investigations and pre-anesthetic orders required for patient to be anesthetized.
- Gain knowledge on the management of complications and anesthetic considerations.

# UNIT I (6 Hours)

# NATURE AND SCOPE OF SOCIOLOGY

Definition, Historical background, subject matter of sociology, Nature and scope, Importance, Sociology of India, Relationship of sociology with other social sciences

# **UNIT-II (6 Hours)**

# FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS OF SOCIOLOGY

Society and Individual, Community, Social structure and functions of Institutions, Association, Organization, Social system, social order, Social control, social groups, Social Process, Social change

# **UNIT III (6 Hours)**

# CLASSICAL THINKERS AND THEIR CONTRIBUTIONS

Augustecomte, Emile Durkheim, Karl Marx, Max Weber, Herbert Spencer

# **UNIT-IV (6 Hours)**

# SOCIOLOGY OF INDIA

Characteristics of Indian society, Racial linguistic, Religious and demographic, Hindu social organization-ashramas, varnas, dharma and karma, purushartha, Caste system, Problems of SC&ST, Sanskritisation, Westernization and Modernization,

#### UNIT V (6 Hours)

# ANTHROPOLOGY AND CULTURAL ANTHROPOLOGY

Definition of anthropology, Subfield of anthropology, Cultural Anthropology yesterday and today, Anthropological Perspectives, Early Anthropologist

Environment and culture, Kinship, Clan Ethno methodology, Gender, Subsistence and Exchange, Social Organization and evolution of political system

#### **Reference:**

- 1. Bottomore. T.B., Sociology: A guide to problems and Literature, 1971, Random House
- 2. Gisbert P. Fundamentals of sociology, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2004, Orient Longman publications
- 3. Neil J. Smelser, Handbook of sociology, 1988 sage publication
- 4. Johnson R.M, Systematic Introduction to Sociology, 1960, Allied Publishers Cultural Anthropology, Barbara D. Miller, 2006 Pearson/Allyn and Bacon Co.

PRINCIPLES OF ANESTHESIA-I PRACTICAL					
Subject Code: BAOTS1-405	L	Т	Р	С	<b>Duration: 4 Hours/week</b>
	0	0	4	2	
COUDSE ODIECTIVES.					

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on basic medical sciences
- To develop in depth knowledge on concepts of pathological conditions.
- To develop exhaustive ideology of techniques in regional and general anesthesia

# **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on various codes and safety devices.
- Learn the importance of endotracheal tubes and laryngoscopes in anesthesia.
- Learn about the machines and gain knowledge on OT and OT techniques

# PRACTICALS/ DEMONSTRATION:

- 1. Cylinders,
- 2. Suction apparatus,
- 3. Endotracheal tubes,
- 4. Laryngoscopes,
- 5. LMA,
- 6. Oropharyngeal airway, Nasopharyngeal airway
- 7. Anesthesia machine- description, parts, safety features

# **Text Books:**

1. The Anesthesia Technician and Technologist's Manual, Glenn Woodworth, Jeffrey R. Kirsch, Shannon Sayers-Rana, 1st edition, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2012

# **Reference Books:**

Anesthesia Equipment, Principles and Applications (Expert Consult: Online and Print), Anesthesia Equipment Clinical Key 2012

PRINCIPLES OF ANESTHESIA-II PRACTICAL						
Subject Code: BAOTS1-406	L	Т	Р	С	<b>Duration: 4 Hours/week</b>	
	0	0	4	2		
COURSE OBJECTIVES:						

- Expected to have basic knowledge on basic medical Sciences
- To develop knowledge on the principles of sterilization.
- To impart the techniques involved in sterilization in relation to anesthesia

# **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on various codes and safety devices.
- Learn the importance of endotracheal tubes and laryngoscopes in anesthesia.
- Learn about the machines and gain knowledge on OT and OT techniques

# COURSE SYLLABUS

# PRACTICALS/ DEMONSTRATIONS

- 1. Checking the machine
- 2. 02, N20, suction apparatus
- 3. Laryngoscopes, Endotracheal tubes, airways
- 4. Things for IV accessibility
- 5. Other monitoring systems
- 6. Case acceptance: ASA grading I, II, III, IV. V
- 7. Specific Learning Outcome (SLO).
- 8. Learn the preparation of OT based of the type of patients and methods of sterilization.
- 9. Gain knowledge on various positions in surgery.
- 10. Gain knowledge on disinfectants and their importance.

# **Text Books:**

 The Anesthesia Technician and Technologist's Manual, Glenn Woodworth, Jeffrey R. Kirsch, Shannon Sayers-Rana, 1st edition, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2012

# **Reference Books:**

Anesthesia Equipment, Principles and Applications (Expert Consult: Online and Print), Anesthesia Equipment Clinical Key 2012

	BIOCHEMISTRY-I	PR/	<b>ACTIC</b>	AL
Subjec	ect Code: BAOTS1-407 L T	Р		Duration: 4 Hours/week
		4	2	
P <b>R</b> AC 1	CTICALS Reactions of Glucose			
1 2	Reactions of Fructose			
2	Reactions of Maltose			
3 4	Reactions of Lactose			
4 5	Tests for Sucrose			
6	Tests for Starch			A
7	Identification of unknown Carbohydrates			
8	Spotters: The student must identify the sp		er and v	write some important uses of th
0	spotter.	5011		write some important uses of th
	i. CRYSTALS- Maltosazone, Lactosa	700	o Cluce	Sazono/Emictosazono
	ii. REAGENTS- Benedict's reagent Seliwanoff reagent, Fouchets reagen		arroeus	s leagent, louigers leagent
	iii. CHEMICALS- Sodium Acetate, Phe		hydrozi	ing aNaphthal
	iv. STRUCTURES- Structure of Chole		-	-
	Fructose	sie	ioi, sui	deture of Olicose, Structure o
	v. VITAMINS- Carrots, Rickets, Scurv		Faa	
	v. VITAMINS-Carlots, Rickets, Sear	'y, 1	-88	

# FIFTH SEMESTER

	PHARMACOLOGY	
Subject Code: BAOTS1-501	LTPC	<b>Duration: 60 Hrs.</b>
	3 1 0 4	

#### **Course objective**:

- 1. To understand the terminologies and basic principles of pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic involved in the use of drugs.
- 2. To understand the pharmacological action and mechanism of action of common drugs used for different/disease conditions.
- 3. To know the therapeutic uses and adverse effects of common drugs used for different disease conditions.

#### Unit I (12 Hrs.)

- Pharmacodynamics-Adverse drug effects
- Drugs acting on Autonomic Nervous System, Peripheral Nervous System and Drugs acting onCentral Nervous system
- General considerations-Cholinergic system & drugs-Anticholinergic drugs
- Adrenergic drugs- antiadrenergic drugs-Drugs acting on autonomic ganglia.

#### Unit II (12 Hrs.)

 Skeletal muscle relaxants-Local anaesthetics, General anaesthetics-Ethyl & Methyl alcohol- Sedatives-Hypnotics-Antiepileptics-Antiparkinsonian drugs-Drugs used in mental illness- Opioid analgesics and Non opioid Analgesics-Nonsteroidal Antiinflammatory drugs

#### Unit III (12 Hrs.)

- Cardiovascular drugs , Drugs affecting Blood & Blood formation and Drugs on Respiratory system
- Cardiac glycosides, Antiarrhythmic drugs, Antianginal drugs, Antihypertensives and Diuretics, Haematinics, Erythropoietin, Drugs affecting-coagulation, Fibrinolytic and Antiplatelet drugs, Treatment of cough and antiasthmatic drugs.

# Unit IV (12 Hrs.)

- Antimicrobial drugs
- General consideration- Antibiotics Antibacterial agents Antitubercular drugs Antifungal- Antileprotic- Antiviral- Antimalarial- Antiamoebic- Antiprotozoal drugs-Cancer Chemotherapy, Antiseptic- Disinfectant-others.

#### Unit V (12 Hrs.)

- Hormones & related Drugs, Drugs used in Gastrointestinal diseases & Miscellaneous drugs
- Corticosteroids, Antithyroid drugs and Drugs for Diabetes Mellitus, Treatment of Vomiting, Constipation, Diarrhoea and Treatment of peptic ulcer
- Vitamins, Vaccines, Sera and chelating agents.

ANESTHESIA TECHNIQUES INCLUDING COMPLICATIONS						
Subject Code: BAOTS1-502	L	Т	Р	С	Duration: 60 Hrs.	
	3	1	0	4		

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on anatomy, physiology, pathology and pharmacology.
- To develop in depth knowledge on anesthesia techniques for various procedures.
- To develop exhaustive ideology of the complications associated with various anesthesia techniques.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on the setup of required Equipment for anesthesia.
- Gain knowledge on monitoring and diagnostic procedures for anesthesia.
- Learn the general idea on the care of patients for various procedures.

# UNIT – I (12 Hours)

To setup the required equipment's for general anesthesia, spinal, epidural, nerve block.

# UNIT II (12 Hours)

Monitoring during anesthesia and complications.

# UNIT – III (12 Hours)

Monitoring and diagnostic procedures in ICU, Central venous access, ECG monitoring, Invasivehemodynamic monitoring

# UNIT – IV (12 Hours)

General care of patient in ICU-Eye, GI tract, Bladder, skin, Case of mechanically ventilated patient, Tracheotomy, humidification, Vascular lines – arterial, venous line, Radiography, Physiotherapy – chest physiotherapy

# UNIT – V (12 Hours)

**Regional anesthesia**-Introduction, Indication, Contraindication, Check list, Procedure, Complications, Management, Spinal, Epidural, Nerve Block 15.

#### **Text Books:**

1. **Regional Anesthesia And Pain Management**: Current Perspectives, Dureja, 3rd edition, ElsevierIndia, 2007

#### **Reference Books**

1. Clinical Anesthesia, Paul G. Barash, 6th edition, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2009

B	IOCHEMISTRY-II	
Subject Code: BAOTS1-503	LTPC	Duration: 60 Hrs.
	3 1 0 4	
Course abiasting.		

#### Course objective:

- To have a knowledge about the chemistry and metabolism of various macromolecules-carbohydrate, protein and lipids
- To learn about enzymes, vitamins, minerals and nutrition
- To know the structure and function of Hemoglobins, Nucleic acids.
- To learn about the organ function tests like Liver Function Tests and Renal Function Tests.

# Unit I (15 Hrs.)

# PROTEINS

- Classification of amino acids,
- Structure of proteins,
- Plasma proteins,
- Immunoglobulins.
- Metabolism of Proteins:
  - Digestion and absorption of proteins,
  - Ttransamination,
  - Deamination,
  - Steps of urea cycle,
  - Phenylketonuria,
  - Alkaptonuria,
  - Transmethylation,
  - Products derived from Glycine and tyrosine

# Unit II (15 Hrs.)

# NUCLEIC ACIDS

- Structure & Function of DNA,
- Structure, Its types & Functions of RNA
- Nucleic Acid Metabolism

# HAEMOGLOBIN

- Structure & Function of Haemoglobin
- Haemoglobin Metabolism

# Unit III (15 Hrs.)

#### MINERALS Minerals: Macro & Minor Minerals & Metabolism NUTRITION

- BMR, SDA & Glycemic Index
- Dietary Fibers & Balanced Diet
- Protein Energy Malnutrition

# Unit IV (15 Hrs.)

#### **ORGAN FUNCTION TEST**

• RFT

# ACID BASE BALANCE

- pH Homeostasis
- Buffers
- Buffers
- Acidosis
- Alkalosis

ENVIRONMENTAL SCI	ENCE A	ND	CC	OMN	IUNITY MEDICINE
Subject Code: BAOTS1-504	L	Т	Р	С	Duration: 30 Hrs.
	2	0	0	2	

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on Natural Resources
- To develop in depth knowledge on **Biodiversity and pollutions**
- To develop exhaustive ideology of the complications associated with **health & disease**

# **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on the setup of Cycles in The Ecosystem
- Gain knowledge about the effect, control measures Learn the general idea on the care of patients for various procedures.

# UNIT-I (6 Hours)

- Natural Resources: Introduction, Multi-disciplinary nature of environmental studies, Earth Resources and Man, Renewable And Non-Renewable Resources, Water Resources, MineralResources: Food Resources: Effects of modern agriculture, Fertilizer/ pesticide problems, Water logging, and salinity, Energy Resources.
- **Ecosystems:** Concept of an Ecosystem, Structure And Functions of an Ecosystem, Producers, Consumers and Decomposers, Cycles in The Ecosystem

# UNIT-II (6 Hours)

- **Biodiversity:** Introduction, Definition: Genetic, Species, Ecosystem Diversity, India as a Mega Diversity Nation, Hotspots of Biodiversity Threats to Biodiversity. Poaching of Wildlife, Man-Wildlife Conflicts, Endangered and Endemic
- **Pollution:** Definition, Causes, Effects and Control Measures of Air Pollution, Water Pollution, Pollution, Marine Pollution, Noise Pollution, Thermal Pollution, Nuclearhazards, Solid Waste Management role of Individuals in Pollution Prevention.

# UNIT-III (6 Hours)

- **Social Issues Human, Population and Environment:** From Unsustainable to Sustainable Development, Urban Problems Related To Energy, Water Conservation, Rain Water Harvesting, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and nuclear holocaust.
- **Concept of health & disease**: Concept of health, Definition of health, Philosophy of health-Dimension of health Concept of wellbeing, Spectrum of health, Responsibility of health Determinates of health & Indicators of health Concepts of disease & Concepts of cessation –Natural history of Disease- Iceberg Phenomenon, Concept of control-Concept of Prevention- Modes of Intervention, Changing pattern of disease.

#### **UNIT-IV (6 Hours)**

**Epidemiology**: Definition & Explanation, Aims, Epidemiologic approach, Basic measurement in epidemiology & tools of measurement – of Mortality, Epidemiologic methods – Descriptive epidemiology – Analytical epidemiology -Cohort study – Experimental epidemiology – RCT- Association & Caution Uses of epidemiology (Criteria for judging causality) – Infection disease epidemiology Definitions Dynamic of disease transmission & Mode of Transmission – Disinfection – Definitions Types Agents used Recommended disinfection procedures – Investigation of an epidemic.

# UNIT-V (6 Hours)

Environmental & health: Definition & Components (environment sanitation environmental sanitation) Water: Safe & Whole some water Requirements Uses source of water supply (sanitary well) – Purification (1).Large scale purification, (2). Small scale purification – Waterquality – Special treatment of water Air: Composition the air of occupied room discomfort. Air pollution & its effects. Prevention & Control of air pollution Ventilation: Definition Standards of ventilation Types of Ventilation. Light, Noise & Radiation, Meteorological environment, Housing, Disposal of waste Excreta disposal

#### PHARMACOLOGY LAB

Subject Code: BAOTS1-505L T P CDuration: 4 Hours/week

# 0 0 4 2

PRACTICALS

**INSTRUMENTS:** 

- Needles: Intravenous, intrathecal, spinal, intra arterial
- Syringes: Tuberculin, insulin
- I.V cannula
- Vein set
- Inhalers
- Spacers
- Nebulizers
- Tablets- Enteric coated, sustained release, sub-lingual
- Topical preparation, ointment, lotion, powder, drops- eye/ear
- Charts- mechanism of action of drugs, adverse effects, toxicology
- Spotters- drugs

ANASTHESIA TECHNIQUESIA	IN	CLU	JDI	NG	COMPLICATIONS LAB
Subject Code: BAOTS1-506	L	Т	Р	С	<b>Duration: 4 Hours/week</b>
	0	0	4	2	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on anatomy, physiology, pathology and pharmacology.
- To develop in depth knowledge on anesthesia techniques for various procedures.
- To develop exhaustive ideology of the complications associated with various anesthesia techniques.

# **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on the setup of required Equipment for anesthesia.
- Gain knowledge on monitoring and diagnostic procedures for anesthesia.
- Learn the general idea on the care of patients for various procedures.

# PRACTICALS/ DEMONSTRATIONS

- 1. How to assist anesthetists?
- 2. Monitoring during anesthesia and post-operative period
- 3. General care of patient in ICU
- 4. How to assist anesthetist for central venous cannulation

# **Text Books:**

1. **Regional Anesthesia And Pain Management**: Current Perspectives, Dureja, 3rd edition, ElsevierIndia, 2007

# **Reference Books**

1. Clinical Anesthesia, Paul G. Barash, 6th edition, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2009

	<b>BIOCHEMISTRY-II LAB</b>	
Subject Code: BAOTS1-507	LTPC	<b>Duration: 4 Hours/week</b>
	0 0 4 2	

#### PRACTICALS

- 1 Non- Protein Nitrogenous Substances
- 2 Analysis Constituents of normal urine
- 3 Analysis Constituents of abnormal urine
- 4 Identification of abnormal constituents in urine
- 5 Estimation of Glucose in blood
- 6 Estimation of Urea in blood.

#### **Spotters**

Spotters: The student must identify the spotter and write some important uses of the spotter.

- 1. Urinometer
- 2. Lactometer
- 3. Centrifuge
- 4. Spectroscope
- 5. Colorimeter
- 6. pH meter
- 7. Ryles's Tube
- 8. Chromatography apparatus
- 9. Electrophoresis apparatus
- 10. Micropipette
- 11. Fluorosis
- 12. Inborn Errors of Metabolism
- 13. Protein Energy Malnutrition
- 14. Benzidine powder
- 15. Sulphur powder
- 16. Fouchet's Reagent
- 17. Structure of t RNA
- 18. Egg White
- 19. Jaundice
- 20. Gout

# SIXTH SEMESTER

ANESTHESIA FOR SPECIALTIES (INCLUDING CRITICALCARE ASSISTANCE						
AND VI	ENTILATION) PAPER-I					
Subject Code: BAOTS1-601	LTPC	<b>Duration: 60 Hrs.</b>				
	3 1 0 4					

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on anesthesia techniques and principles
- To develop knowledge on anaesthetic techniques for cardiac and Neuroanesthesia.
- To develop knowledge on anaesthesia for shock and trauma.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on cardiac anesthesia including monitoring setup and management.
- Learn the signs of raised ICT and induction of patient and positioning for neuro Anesthesia.
- Gain knowledge on anesthetic management and rapid sequence induction for trauma and Shock.

#### **UNIT – 1 (12 Hours)**

**Cardiac anesthesia** –PART 1 NYHA classification, Arrhythmias, Angina, Dyspnoea-Premedication, Setting up of monitoring system, Monitoring – invasive and non-invasive,

#### UNIT II (12 Hours)

**Cardiac anesthesia** –PART 2 Getting ready for the case, Induction of cardiac patient, precautions to be taken, Transferring the patient to ICU, Care to be taken, ICU management.

#### UNIT – III (12 Hours)

**Neuro Anesthesia**- Glasgow coma scale, Signs of raised ICT, Premedication, Check list, Induction of a patient Positioning in neuro surgery, I.C.P monitoring, Air embolism, Transferring to I.C.U / ward

#### UNIT – IV (12 Hours)

Anaesthesia for Trauma & Shock Resuscitation, Pre-opinvestigation/assessment, Circulatory management, Management of anaesthesia, Rapid sequence induction, other problems.

#### UNIT – V (12 Hours)

CPR- BLS, ACLS

# Reference

#### **Text Books:**

- 1 Nurse Anesthesia, John J. Nagelhout, Karen L. Plaus, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Elsevier Health Sciences, 2014
- 2 Basics of Anesthesia, Ronald D. Miller, Manuel Pardo, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Elsevier Health Sciences, 2011

ANESTHESIA FOR SPECIALTIES (INCLUDING CRITICALCARE ASSISTANCE						
AND VENTILATION) PAPER-II						
Subject Code: BAOTS1-602	LTPC	Duration: 60 Hrs.				
	3 1 0 4					

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on anesthesia techniques and principles.
- To develop knowledge on anesthetic techniques for obstetric and pediatric anesthesia.
- To develop knowledge on an aesthesia outside the O.R.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on obstetric anesthesia including precautions, induction, reversaland emergencies.
- Learn the theatre setting, monitoring and pain management for pediatric anesthesia.
- Gain knowledge on situations, natural calamities and complications of anesthesia outsidethe OR.

#### UNIT-I (12 Hours)

**Obstetric Anesthesia (Part 1) -** Differences between a pregnant and a normal lady, Risksfor anesthesia, Precautions to be taken, Check list, Regional vs general anesthesia, Induction / maintenance

#### **UNIT-II (12 Hours)**

**Obstetric Anaesthesia (Part 2)**- Resuscitation of the new born, APGAR score, Reversal and extubation, Emergencies – Manual removal of placenta, A.P.H,- P.P.H., Ruptured uterus, Ectopic pregnancy, Labour, Epidural analgesia

#### **UNIT-III (12 Hours)**

**Paediatric Anaesthesia -** Theatre setting ,Check list, Premedication ,Induction, Intubationssecuring the ETT, Monitoring, Reversal & extubation – problems, Transferring / IC management, Pain management.

#### UNIT-IV (12 Hours)

**Day Care Anaesthesia** - Special features, Set up, Advantages, Disadvantages, Complications, Future

#### UNIT-V (12 Hours)

**Anesthesia Outside the O.R-** Situations, Cath lab, Radiology and Imaging Science Technology natural calamities, E.C.T, Features, Shortcomings, Complications

#### **Text Books:**

Nurse Anesthesia, John J. Nagelhout, Karen L. Plaus, 5th edition, Elsevier Health Sciences, 2014

#### **Reference Books:**

Basics of Anesthesia, Ronald D. Miller, Manuel Pardo, 6th edition, Elsevier Health Sciences, 2011

PRINCIPLES OF STERILIZATION TECHNIQUES							
Subject Code: BAOTS1-603	$\mathbf{L}$	Т	Р	С	Duration: 60 Hrs.		
	3	1	0	4			
COURSE OBJECTIVES:							

- Expected to have basic knowledge on basic medical Sciences
- To develop knowledge on the principles of sterilization.
- To impart the techniques involved in sterilization in relation to anesthesia

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on the design of operation theatres.
- Learn the preparation of OT based of the type of patients and methods of sterilization.
- Gain knowledge on the care and maintenance of operation records in OT.

#### UNIT – I (8 Hours)

Layout of OT and Lighting of OT

#### UNIT II (11 Hours)

Cleanliness and sterilization of OT and Anesthesia- Carbolization, fumigation, principles of sterilization – autoclaving, pressure sterilization, boiling, dry heat, gas chemical sterilization, gamma rays' sterilization

#### UNIT – III (14 Hours)

OT preparation- Preparation of spinal /epidural/nerve block tray. Preparation of patients for various types of anesthesia including laying out of trolleys, preparation of Boyle's apparatus for administration of anesthesia, precaution to reduce antistatic friction hazards, preparation of sterile field, special precautions in handling patients with sepsis, blood borne infections – Hepatitis B, HCV, HIV, etc, Cleaning and Disinfection of articles and OT various positions during surgeries - lithotomy/kidney/beach chair/lateral/prone

#### UNIT – IV (12 Hours)

Electrical and fire hazards- Prevention of physical, electrical, chemical injuries and hazards to patientsOT pollution and scavenging

#### UNIT – V (15 Hours)

Care and Maintenance of Operation records of OT- Maintenance of septic OT, Use and maintenance of defibrillator, cautery, OT light, suction, emergency light etc., Admission and transfer procedures

#### **Text Books:**

Principles and Methods of Sterilization in Health Sciences, John J. Perkins, 2nd edition, Charles CThomas Pub Limited, 1983

# **Reference Books:**

Fundamentals of Surgical Practice, Aljafri A. Majid, Andrew N. Kingsnorth, 1st edition, CambridgeUniversity Press, 1998

HEALTHCAE	RE AND BASIC PRINCIPL	LES
Subject Code: BAOTS1-604	LTPC	Duration: 30 Hrs.
	2 0 0 2	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on anaesthesia techniques and principles.
- To develope knowledge on anaesthetic techniques for obstetric and pediatric anesthesia.
- To develope knowledge on an aesthesia outside the O.R.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on obstetric anesthesia including precautions, induction, reversal and emergencies.
- Learn the theatre setting, monitoring and pain management for pediatric anesthesia.
- Gain knowledge on situations, natural calamities and complications of anesthesia outside the O.R.

# Unit I (10 Hrs.)

#### **Concept of Health Care and Health Policy**

Health in Medical Care Indigenous systems of Health Care & their relevance Framework for Health Policy Development

#### **Health Organization**

Historical development of Health Care System in the third world &India Organization & Structure of Health Administration in India Type of Health Organization including International Organizations Private & Voluntary Health care provider Distribution of Health Care Services Health Care System in Public Sector Organization Health systems of Various Countries

# Unit II (10 Hrs)

#### Health Policy and National Health Programme

National Health Policy Drug Policy National Health Programs (Malaria, T.B., Blindness, AIDS etc.) Evaluation of Health Programs (Developing indicators for evaluation) Medical Education & Health Manpower Development

#### Health Economics Fundamentals of Economics

Scope & Coverage Demand for Health Services Health as an Investment

Population, health of Economic Development

# Unit III (10 Hrs.)

Methods & Techniques of Economic Evaluation of Health Program

Cost Benefit & Cost Effective Methods

# Household & Health

Health Expenditure & Outcome Rationale for Government action Household capacity, income and schooling

# **Economics of Health**

Population based health services Economics of Communicable and Non Communicable diseases

ANESTHESIA FOR SPECIALTIE AND VENTILA	<b>N</b>				
Subject Code: BAOTS1-605	L	Т	Р	С	<b>Duration: 4 Hours/week</b>
	Δ	Δ	4	2	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. Expected to have basic knowledge on anaesthesia techniques and principles.
- 2. To develope knowledge on anaesthetic techniques for cardiac and Neuro anesthesia.
- 3. To develope knowledge on anaesthesia for shock and trauma.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- 1. Gain knowledge on cardiac anesthesia including monitoring setup and management.
- 2. Learn the signs of raised ICT and induction of patient and positioning forneuroanasesthesia.
- 3. Gain knowledge on BLS chain of survival.

# COURSE SYLLABUS:

# PRACTICALS/ DEMONSTRATIONS

- Spotters -basic anaesthetic considerations in cardiac and neurosurgery
- Charts- BLS chain of survival
- Demonstration- transferring of post-operative patient to ICU

ANESTHESIA FOR SPECIALTIES (INCLUDING CRITICALCARE ASSISTANCE					
AND VENTILATION) PAPER-II PRACTICAL					
Subject Code: BAOTS1 606	ΙΤΡΟ	Duration / Hours/wook			

Subject Code: BAOTS1-606

L T P C Duration: 4 Hours/week

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. Expected to have basic knowledge on anaesthesia techniques and principles.
- 2. To develope knowledge on anaesthetic techniques for obstetric and pediatric anesthesia.
- 3. To develope knowledge on anaesthesia outside the O.R.

# **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- 1. Gain knowledge on obstetric anaesthesia including precautions, induction, reversaland emergencies.
- 2. Learn the theatre setting, monitoring and pain management for pediatric anesthesia.
- 3. Gain knowledge on situations, natural calamities and complications of anaesthesia outside the O.R.

# COURSE SYLLABUS: PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATIONS

- 1) Spotters –common obstetric emergencies
- 2) Charts- situations requiring anesthesia outside operation theatre
- 3) Demonstration-how is pediatric anesthesia different from adult.

PRINCIPLES OF STERILIZATION TECHNIQUES - PRACTICAL							
Subject Code: BAOTS1-607	L	Т	Р	С	<b>Duration: 4 Hours/week</b>		
	0	0	4	2			

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on basic medical Sciences
- To develop knowledge on the principles of sterilization. in relation to anesthesia
- To impart the techniques involved in sterilization.

# **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Learn the preparation of OT based of the type of patients and methods of sterilization.
- Gain knowledge on various positions in surgery.
- Gain knowledge on disinfectants and their importance

#### COURSE SYLLABUS: PRACTICALS/ DEMONSTRATIONS

- 1. Disinfectants
- 2. Methods of sterilization
- 3. Various positions in surgery

# **Text Books:**

Principles and Methods of Sterilization in Health Sciences, John J. Perkins, 2nd edition, Charles CThomas Pub Limited, 1983

# **Reference Books:**

Fundamentals of Surgical Practice, Aljafri A. Majid, Andrew N. Kingsnorth, 1st edition, CambridgeUniversity Press, 1998

# SEVENTH SENESTER

BIOSTATISTICS AN	D RES	EAF	RCF	H METH	HODOLOGY
Subject Code: BAOTS1-702	L	Т	Р	С	Duration: 30 Hrs.
COUDSE OD LECTIVES.	2	0	0	2	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Expected to have basic knowledge on anaesthesia techniques and principles.
- To develope knowledge on anaesthetic techniques for obstetric and pediatric anesthesia.
- To develope knowledge on an aesthesia outside the O.R.

# **COURSE OUTCOME:**

- Gain knowledge on obstetric anesthesia including precautions, induction, reversal and emergencies.
- Learn the theatre setting, monitoring and pain management for pediatric anesthesia.
- Gain knowledge on situations, natural calamities and complications of anesthesia outside the O.R.

# Unit I (6 Hrs.)

- What is statistics Importance of statistics in behavioural sciences Descriptive statistics and inferential statistics Usefulness of quantification in behavioural sciences.
- Measurements Scales of measurements Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and Ratio scales.

# Unit II (6 Hrs.)

- **Data collection** Classification of data Class intervals Continuous and discrete measurements Drawing frequency polygon types of frequency polygon Histogram.
- **Cumulative frequency curve** Ogives Drawing inference from graph.

# Unit III (6 Hrs.)

- **Measures of central tendency** Need types: Mean, Median, Mode Working outthese measures with illustrations.
- **Measures of variability** Need Types: Range, Quartile deviation, Average deviation, Standard deviation, Variance Interpretation.

# Unit IV (6 Hrs.)

- Normal distribution General properties of normal distribution Theory of probability Illustration of normal distribution area under the normal probability curve.
- Variants from the normal distribution skewness Quantitative measurement of skewness kurtosis measurement of kurtosis factors contributing for non-normal distribution.

# Unit V (6 Hrs.)

- **Correlation** historical contribution meaning of correlation types: Product, moment, content correlation, variation of product, movement correlation, rank correlation, Regression analysis.
- **Tests of significance** need for significance of the mean sampling error significance of differences between means interpretation of probability levels smallsamples large samples.